



CA. Raghavendra T.N.
President

CA. Chandrashekara Shetty
Secretary

Date: 05th October 2017

To,

Shri Arun Jaitleyji Hon'ble Union Minister for Finance & Corporate Affairs Government of India North Block New Delhi - 110001

Hon'ble Sir,

Re: PRACTICAL DIFFICULTIES IN GST COMPLIANCES for Review by GST Council

The Karnataka State Chartered Accountants Association (R) (in short 'KSCAA') is an association of Chartered Accountants, registered under the Karnataka Societies Registration Act, in the year 1957. KSCAA is primarily formed for the welfare of Chartered Accountants and represents before various regulatory authorities to resolve the professional problems faced by chartered accountants and business community.

With this backdrop, we have written to your good selves many a times populating issues and possible solutions. It is heartening to see many of our points have been considered and some solutions have been adopted. We have been called upon by BJP Karnataka Economic Cell to discuss and raise GST issues. In this regard, we wish to highlight the persisting issues and pain points, which if eased will alleviate slew of underlying problems faced by the business.

Practical Issues:

1. URD Purchases taxes to be paid on reverse charge be exempted for a threshold turnover of up to two crores, in line with audit limit under income tax.

The essence of GST is to bring under its net, every Supplier of Goods and Services (traders) having aggregate turnover of above twenty lakhs and to exclude very small business of GST compliance. Now there are many businesses which are marginally above this threshold and who are eager to come within GST ambit but while this provision of reverse charge will definitely cause hurdles and harassment at a later date and bog them down in identifying and discharging the tax thereon from out of every head of expense items booked in the Statement of Profit and Loss instead of focusing on their actual business. This has two deterrent effects on voluntary enrolling of small businesses. One, businesses are not encouraged to join the bandwagon due to the devil in the details under "reverse charge." Two, though the Government has understood enough about the small-scale operators' need to have a composition

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scheme and having enhanced the threshold composition limit to seventy-five lakhs, however the requirement of discharging the taxes on Reverse Charge method has defeated the very purpose. The person registered under composition scheme is required to pay under reverse charge on value of all intra-state supplies exceeding Rs. 5,000/- per day procured from unregistered persons. This will bring within its ambit all the expenses like rent, small consultancy fees, repairs and maintenance and a host of other expenses, increasing his compliance time, efforts and cost. This will have an adverse impact on the small businesses due to the disinclination of businesses to engage with them. This very provision will hamper the inclusive economic growth impetus of Government and the entrepreneurship spirit due to seclusion or brandishing/moral suasion of such trade with the unregistered class, in a country of villages and cities in which the people seeking to self-sustain, being the roots of the self-reliant India. This is a tremendous blow to small businesses, hitherto enjoying exemption up to a turnover of 1.5 crores with no real-time reporting.

We wish to highlight that this step creates a major dent in the spirit of assessees to comply and be part of this game changer GST. Practical solution would be to exclude businesses below threshold of two crores from complying with the reverse charge mechanism in line with provisions of Section 44AD & 44ADA with the Income Tax Act, 1961. This will allay and soothe the nerves of many an assessee and encourage voluntary participation.

This is a point to ponder, whether the purpose is achieved or defeated! Big dent is caused to people to pay on reverse charge and go and pay their taxes as well, monthly upkeep is too tiresome, business fraternity are complaining- "Mein Business karoo ya kaali Compliance karte rahoo"

2. Businesses operating under fear psychosis

Though the off take has been rather good, Government also needs to wait for greater revenue from the assessees. One, a measure to this extent has been taken to revamp the existing tax structure, now it is in one of the stages in the sequence of tilling, sowing, nurturing, waiting, caring, green shoots and reaping. The well-known statement "Lies, Damned Lies and Statistics" also progressively points out the need to look beyond the Data Mining activity too in seeing how to nurture the business as the business is the main pointer of the economy. We seek the Government to step in and allay and soothe the nerves of businesses which are under constant pressures of compliance than focusing on business and the grip of tax compliance on their minds, while it should be ideally tax management being part of the business and not the whole of the business of the assessee.

3. Level Playing Field for the assessees vis-à-vis the Government.

The forms being made available in a delayed fashion have left the businesses and consultants high and dry. While there was no need of the form GSTR-3B for the assessee, this step was only to plug the revenue collection delay and only for data collection for the Government and should truly support the cause rather to protrude and travel beyond the needs and purpose into the realms of why, how much etc. The regular forms once released should solve the anxiety of tax collection. The Government surely will reap the benefits in a phased manner only when the business fraternity settles down in doing the

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business and the tax payers and common people benefit by massive injection and "right implement" of public funds into the system.

4. Penalty for non-filing of GSTR-3B should be scrapped immediately.

The form GSTR-3B is a stop gap arrangement since the regular forms were not ready at the point of commencement of GST. Further, it should be available for revision as the whole process has been somewhat messy. While the credits are still flowing and required to match from regular monthly filed forms, penalty provision seems draconian to say the least. The assessees keen to be on composition scheme unable to opt for a myriad of reasons also stare at this penalty; those having working capital issues already are badly hit due to demonetisation etc, there is a further possibility of denting their morale. Though it has a benefit of motivating them to comply, the cons are more than the pro.

There was a press release on 18th June 2017 to give comfort to tax holders to the effect that no late fees and penalty would be levied for the interim period. The GSTN portal is auto calculating and levying late fees, the soothing words are not put into deed. An accommodating and supportive approach where there is no penalty will be highly appreciated especially when it is a known fact that Government also has delayed the regular forms for want of capacity/ whatsoever reason, while it was ideal to have all the forms operational from 1st July itself; it is a well-known fact that the risk- reward ratio will always be present in any step of this scale.

5. Preparedness of GSTN Infrastructure: Will the system be ready to accept the load with a gap of five days each and adopt to the back and forth matching mechanism while in normal circumstance the time limit is spread over 20 days? The present day GSTN infrastructure could not withstand the traffic of summary returns in GSTR-3B; can it sustain the massive log-in and load of invoices pan India coupled with matching? The input unavailability due to matching issues can create resentment among the assessees.

"It is pathetic to see that the GSTN software team has not contemplated that pan India atleast 2/5th of the dealers will be logging in and also the numbers of GST dealers will only grow in coming days. Also, what is not envisaged in person has to keep logging in and keep feeding data on real time basis as to invoices etc. and it is paramount need for the Infrastructure team to understand and implement this without any downtime for the dealers."

6. Options for **Challan rectification process** should always be in place in a rational tax system. Inter adjustment is a prerogative of the Government, buck of which has been passed to the businesses. A bit far stretched and blocking of working capital for genuine unintended/inadvertent errors.

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7. Few General Suggestions

- Returns for all small GST dealers below threshold of two crore turnover or say other than corporates can be made quarterly so as to obviate too many compliances.
- Turnover threshold based relaxation for matching of ITC in case of SMEs so as to help them concentrate on business.
- Relaxation from mentioning the vehicle no in case of intra state supplies as this causes huge difficulties
 for businesses to keep tracking goods as usually it is GTA responsibility to deliver. A simple e-way bill
 should serve this without vehicle no.
- Relaxation for entering e-way bill within a revenue district/ enhancing KM limit from 10 KMS to say 60 KMS in metropolitan cities and 30/40 KMS in other cities.
- Payment through credit card and debit cards and without logging in/ usage of OTP.

 For ease of operations we request for the payment option be enabled without OTP as many a times it is being paid by person on behalf of the entity as they may not be able to dedicate time and effort due to varieties of business reason and feasibility.
- Clarification through FAQs, Handbooks and GOI Twitter handle.

 Most of the stakeholders are dependent on Sectoral FAQs, Handbooks and GOI Twitter for query resolution. We are amused to observe contradictory clarifications coming out GOI Twitter handle on the same issue. We request your goodselves to issue a clarification on the authenticity of such contents.
- Uploaded Forms not available for download, a copy of which should have been made available for offline records to share with various stakeholders and other regulators.
- Too many notifications, reckless tweeting, lack of response on the part of help desk, no response to email, officers under prepared have let the businesses and consulting fraternity in utter chaos for no fault of theirs.

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In a progressive approach and in the path of successful implement of GST law, we as the partners in nation building, have been requested by many an assessee and practitioners to represent the issues being faced in the compliance machinery. In this endeavour we write this memorandum.

Hope to make a meaningful contribution towards stimulating the points worthy of deliberation and consideration at this stage of actual implement of GST, seeking support from your goodselves in easing these problems!!

Thanking you,

Yours sincerely,

For Karnataka State Chartered Accountants Association ®

CA. Raghavendra T.N. President

CA. Chandrashekara Shetty Secretary CA. Vijay Sagar Shenoy Chairman Representation Committee